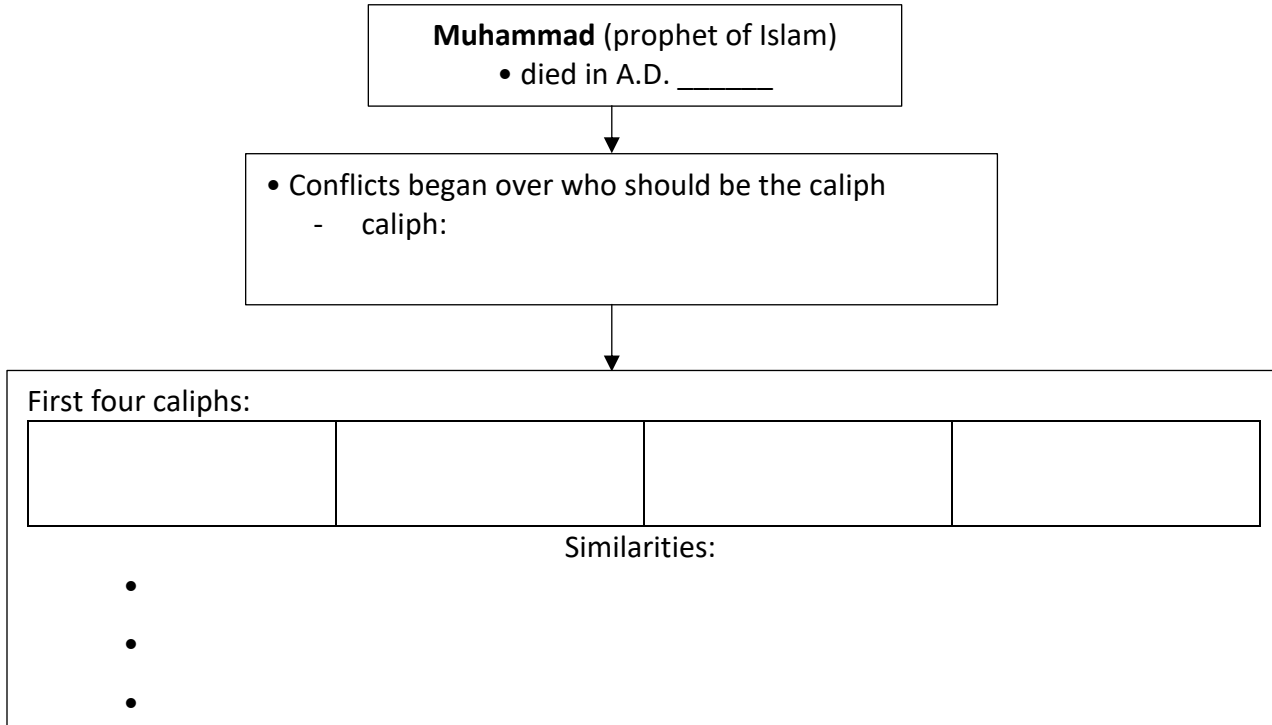


Using your Medieval and Early Modern Times textbook pgs. 182-189, fill in the necessary information.

The Spread of Islam (pgs. 182-183)



- Abu Bakr began the conquest of Syria but died → his successors continued the conquest of the region by following land routes north, east and west:

Persia:

- In A.D. 636 Muslim armies began the conquest of _____.
- Defeated _____ & captured the _____
- In AD 651:
 -
 -

Syria:

- By AD 637:
 - _____ & _____ surrendered

Egypt:

- By AD 642, Egypt surrendered.

Asia:

- By AD 661, when the _____ caliph died, the Arab Empire had expanded to include all of _____.
- Umayyad caliphs ruled from _____ to _____.
- Moved capital to _____ (in _____).
- Spread and explored:

The Muslims Build an Empire (pgs. 183-184)

Why were the Arabs so successful?

Preaching and Trading (pg. 184)

- Sufis:

- Importance?

- Arab merchants:

- Indonesia:

- Timbuktu:

The Muslims in Spain (pg. 184)

- Muslims crossed from _____ into _____.

- Brought: _____, _____, & _____

- _____, Spain:

- Center of:

- Muslim scholars & philosophers:

-

- Importance:



Struggles within Islam (pg. 185)

- The fight over who should succeed Muhammad split the Muslim world into two groups:

Shiites	Sunnis

- Today, most Muslims are:
- Iran & Iraq have the largest populations of:

Who were the Abbasids? (pg. 186)

- Umayyads
 - o Why did they lose power in A.D. 750?
- Umayyads → **Abbasids**
 - o Why did they come to power?
 - o New capital:
 - Why?
 - o Accomplishments?

The Seljuk Turks (pg. 186)

Later Muslim Empires (pgs. 187-189)

The Ottoman Empire	The Mogul Empire